IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF PREALS
FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

Office-September Coast, U. S.

P. 172 TO TO

OCT, 25 1951

CHARLES ELMONE CHORLEY

LORETTA STARVUS STACK, AL RICHMOND, PHILIR MARSHALL CONNELLY, DOROTHY ROSEMBLUM HEALEY, SERNEST OFTO FOX, WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN, CARL RUDE LAMBERT, HENRY STEINBERG, OLETA C'COMMOR YATES, ROSE CHERNIN KUSNITZ, MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE and ALBERT JASON LIMA,

Petitioners-Appellants,

-VS-

JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal.

Respondent.

TRANSCRIPT OF RECORD ON APP AL

(WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN)

#### NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF COUNSEL

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1 MARGOLIS and McTERNAN 112 West Ninth Street Los Angeles 15, California 2 VAnoske 7153 3 LEO A. SOLLIVAN 1440 Broadwy Street Oakland, Call ornia Hightower 4-175 Attorneys for Petitioner IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA. CENTRAL DIVISION 10 .11 WILLIAM SCHWEIDERMAN 13441 € :12 Petitioner. PETITION FOR WRIT OF 13 HABEAS CORPUS JAMES J. BOYLE, United 14. States Marshal. 15 Respondent. 15 17 TO THE JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT FOR THE SOUTHERN 19. DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, CENTRAL DIVISION: 50 , the petitioner above named William Schneiderman 91 hereby petitions this honorable Court for a writ of habeas corpus directing the respondent James J. Boyle, United States Marshal 22 for the Southern District of California, in whose custody peti-23 tioner is now restrained of h isliberty, to produce the body of 24 your petitioner, 35 William Schneiderman before this Court at a time and place specified and then and there to show cause why 59 petitioner should not be released from the custody of the re-27 spondent upon bail in such reasonable sum as may be determined 28 by this Court; and in support thereof, your petitioner alleges . 29 as follows: 30 31 On July 25, 1951, a warrant was issued by Howard V. 32

1 Calverley, United States Commissioner for the Southern District

2 of California pursuant to a complaint charging petitioner with

3 conspiring with others to commit offenses against the United

4 States prohibited by Section 2 of the Smith Act, 54 Stat. 671.

II

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Following petitioner's arrest on July 26, 1951, petitioner
was arraigned before United States Commissioner McDonough and by
said Commissioner was ordered to be held in custody upon bail
fixed by said Commissioner in the sum of \$100,000. At the said
time when the said Commissioner fixed bail, no opportunity was
afforded petitioner to speak, and petitioner had no abtorney
present. Thereupon, petitioner was remanded in the custody of
the United States Marshal for the Southern District of New York
and confined in the Federal House of Detention in the City and
County of New York.

III.

On the next day, July 27, 1951/ petitioner appeared again
before the aforesaid United States Commissioner and for the
first time had counsel to represent him. The said Commissioner
again fixed bail in the same aforesaid amount of \$100,000 and
at the Government's request, removal proceedings were adjourned
until August 6, 1951, before which time the Government indicated
an indictment would be returned.

IV.

On August 6, 1951, petitioner appeared before United

26 States Commission Platt for the Southern District of New York

27 where petitioner's counsel again requested a reduction of bail.

28 Bail was reduced by the said Commissioner to the sum of \$75,000

29 and, since petitioner did not contest removal, petitioner's re
30 moval to the Southern District of California was ordered by the

31 said Commissioner. Since petitioner was wholly unable to fur
32 nish the sum of \$75,000 as bail, petitioner continued confined

1 in the Federal House of Detention in the custody of the United 2 States Marshal.

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V.

On August 7, 1951, petitioner appeared before the Honorable Edward J. Dimock, a judge of the United States District 5 Court for the Southern District of New York and made applica-6 7 tion through his counsel for reduction in bail. Thereupon, and on said day, the said District Judge modified the aforemen-8 tioned order of the said Commissioner and did make his order 9 fixing bail in the sum of \$50,000. By virtue of said order of 10 said Juige, and since peititioner did not possess the financial 11 ability to furnish the said bail, petitioner remained confined 12 in the Federal House of Detention under the custody of the 13 United States Marshal. 14

VI.

On August 14, 1951, petitioner was removed from the Fed-16 eral House of Detention in New York and under the custody of 17 two deputy marshals was taken by train to Los Angeles where pe-18 titioner arrived on August 17, 1951. Thereupon, petitioner was 19 brought before the Honorable James M. Carter, a United States 20 District Judge for the Southern District of California, and ar-21 22 raigned. No reference was made to bail at the time of petitioner's arraignment. Petitioner was remanded to the custody . 23 of the United States Marshal for the Southern District of Calif-24 ornia and confined in the County Jail of Los Angeles. 25

VIT.

On August 29, 1951, petitioner together with the other degenerate was brought before the said James M. Carter, who formally disqualified himself, and thereupon the proceedings were assigned by the presiding Judge of the said District Court to the aforesaid Judge William C. Mathes.

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On August 29 and 30, 1951, argument on motions to fix or reduce bail were made before the said Judge William C. Mathes and the said Judge on August 30, 1951 fixed bail for petitioner in the sum of \$50,000. At the same time, the said Judge set September 18, 1951 as the time for filing motions and September 26 as the time for argument of said motions; and fixed September 10, 1951 as the day for the appearance of counsel to determine the date of trial which the said Judge indicated would be 0ctober 30, 1951 unless strong reason was shown to the contrary.

Your petitioner is wholly unable to furnish bail in the 12 sum of \$50,000 and by virtue thereof all the proceedings here-13 tofore had herein which have confined your petitioner in the 14 County Jail and unlawfully deprived petitioner of liberty and abridged the rights guaranteed petitioner by the Fifth and Eighth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States. 17. Exhibits A and B annexed hereto and made a part hereof clearly 18 reveal that petitioner has been denied equal justice by the ac-20 tion of the Court in fixing bail at the grossly excessive sum of \$50,000. 21

X.

Petitioner is advised by counsel that under the Constitution, petitioner is entitled to bail as a matter of right and
that the requirement of excessive bail is a denial of bail.

Your petitioner is entitled to freely prepare a defense, to
consult with counsel and witnesses, and all of this is denied
by the unlawful confinement herein.

XI.

Petitioner is a naturalized citizen of the United States.

Petitioner was brought to this country at the age of about
three years. Petitioner is a graduate of Polytechnic Night

1 High School in Los Angeles and attended the University of Cali-

2 fornia at Los Angeles for two years before he was compelled to

3 leave college in order to earn his livelihood. Since 1935 pe-

4 titioner has resided continuously in the State of California.

5 Petitioner is married and has a daughter aged seven. The resi-

6 dence of petitioner and his immediate family is in San Francisco.

7 Petitioner's mother, three brothers and a sister all reside in

Los Angeles. Petitioner's income is \$50.00 per week plus ex-

penses. Petitioner has no other assets, real or personal.

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XII.

11 In 1939 proceedings were instituted by the Government to 12 cancel the certificate of citizenship granted to petitioner in It was charged in the complaint that petitioner had il-13 14 legally procured the said certificate in that petitioner had not five years preceding his naturalization behaved as a person at-15 16 tached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, but had in fact advised, advocated and taught the forcible overthrow of the Government and been a member of organizations which so advised, advocated and taught. The District 19 Court for the Northern District of California entered judgment 20 setting aside petitioner's certificate of naturalization and 21 that judgment was affirmed by the Court of Appeals. On certiorari to the United States Supreme Court, the aforesaid judgment was reversed, the Supreme Court holding that the Government had 24 not established that petitioner had obtained his citizenship il-25 legally, 26

XIII.

For a period of a few days before his arrest Petitioner vo.

29 followed and trailed by F.B.I. agents. By reason of those facts

30 and by reason of the wide publicity given over a long period of

31 time by the United States Department of Justice of its intention

32 to prosecute persons alleged to be leading officers of the

Communist Party, and because of constant publicity over a long period of time alleging that petitioner was a leading official of the Communist Party, petitioner had been expecting for some time that he would be arrested and charged with the violation of the Smith Act. At all times, it has been petitioner inten-. 6 tion, in the event of such charge and such arrest, to defend himself in court and to do everything possible to have the pro-ceedings dismissed or to secure a "not guilty" verdict. 

In order to properly prepare petitioner's defense with the aid of counsel, it is vital that petitioner be released on reasonable bail. An order was entered by the aforesaid Judge William C. Mathes on August 31, 1951 directing the conditions under which petitioner and the co-defendants could prepare for trial. A copy of the aforesaid Order is annexed hereto and marked Exhibit "C."

The provisions made in the said Order for the conditions under which the petitioner and the co-defendants may prepare for trial remain inadequate, and under the circumstances hereinafter set forth will place onerous burdens upon the petitioner in the preparation of the defense to the charges contained in the indictment. The petitioner avers that unless petitioner is released on reasonable bail, petitioner will be deprived of a fair trial without due process of law.

Under the aforesaid Order the petitioner is permitted to work with counsel on the preparation of the case on Mondays through Fridays only between the hours of 9 A.M. and 5 F.M. These limitations upon the hours of work disregard the scope and nature of the preparation which must be made in the case herein and which, if a proper defense is to be made, requires fulltime preparation, especially in the evenings and on weekends. In addition, the petitioner must prepare, under the said Order, with co-defendants and counsel in a room in the Federal Building or at such place as the respondent shall select; while working in said designated room, petitioner is required to bring in meals at petitioner's own expense; bring in books, documents and other materials without censorship as to content only; and allowed to consult with witnesses provided that each witness shall furnish to respondent his name, address, crime record, if any, and general occupation.

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For the purpose of adequately preparing for their defense 2 3 herein it will be necessary for the defendants including petitioner to examine and study each of the exhibits offered by the Gov-4 .5 ernment in the case of United States v. Dennis and each of the ex-6 hibits offered by the defendants in said case, for the reason that 7 the indictment herein charges that each of the defendants herein .8 are parties to the same alleged conspiracy which was the basis of the charge against the defendants in the said case of United States 10 v. Dennis.

XVII

In the said case of United States v. Dennis the Government 12 13 offered at the trial 234 exhibits of which number approximately 14 200 were admitted in evidence. The said exhibits included por-15 tions of books such as the "English Version, Seventh World Cong-16 ress, Communist International, Volume 15" with more than 850 pages, 17 excerpts from numerous editions of the Daily Worker and excerpts 18 from numerous other pamphlets and documents published over a per-19 iod of many years. For example, the first twenty Government ex-50 hibits out of the total of 234 offered were:

- 1. Photostatic copy of an article from "Daily Worker" of October 2, 1935.
- 23 2. Pages 861 and 862 of book entitled "English Version.
  24 Seventh World Congress. Communist International 8/8/35"-25 Vol. 15.
- 3. Excerpts from booklet entitled "Program of the Communist International:" (These excerpts ran from page 14473 to page 14520 in the Joint Appendix of the said case of <u>United</u> States v. <u>Dennis.</u>)
- 30 4. Excerpts from Manual entitled "Manual of Organization".
  31 by J. Peters. (These excerpts ran from page 14521 to 14536
  32 in the said Joint Appendix.)

- 1 5. Excerpts from Manual entitled "Why Communism?" by M.
- J. Olgin. (These excerpts ran from page 14537 to 14555 in
- 3 the said Joint Appendix
- 4. 6. Book entitled "Foundations of Leninism," by Joseph
- 5 Stalin. (The entire book consisting of 123 printed pages
- 6 was admitted in evidence.)
- 7. Article "Strengthen National Unity," by Earl Browder,
- 8 from "The Worker," dated 1/16/44, Mag. Sec., pages 7-12.
- 8. Booklet entitled "The Communist," dated Feb., 1944.
- 10 . 8-A. Pages 107 and 108 of booklet entitled "The Commu-
- 11 nist" of Feb., 1944.
- 9. Pamphlet entitled "The Path to Peace, Progress and
- 13 Prosperity" May 20-22, 1944:
- 14 10.. Page 10 of New York Times 5/7/45:
- 15 11. Page 1 of New York World Telegram 5/22/45.
- 16 12. Photostat of "Daily Worker" of 5/24/45.
- 17 12-A. Article, "On the Dissolution of the Communist Party
- 18 of the United States of America," by Jacques Duclos, from
- 19 pages 7, 8 and 9 of "Daily Worker" of 54/24/45. (This art-
- 20 icle ran from page 14557 to 14580 in the said Joint Appen-
- 21 dix.)
- 22 13. Photostat of "Daily Worker" of June 4, 1945.
- 23 13-A. Article "The Present Situation and Next Tasks"
- 24 Resolution of National Board Communist Political Associa-
- 25 tion adopted June 2, 1945, from pages 4 and 5 of "Daily
- 26 Worker" of June 4, 1945. (This article ran from page
- 27 14581 to page 14594 in the said Joint Appendix.)
- 28 14. Photostat of "Daily Worker" of June 10, 1945.
- 29 14-A. Article "On Revisionism in the C.F.A." from pages
- 30 ° 7 and 8 of "Daily Worker" of June 10, 1945. (This article
- 31 ran from page 14594 to 14601 in the said Joint Appendix.
- 32 15. Photostat of "Daily Worker" of June 16, 1945.

1 15-A. Article "Thompson Discusses Browder's Program" by:

Bob Thompson, page 7 of "Daily Worker" of June 16, 1945.

16. A letter.

4 17. Booklet entitled "Political Affairs," dated July, 1945,

and excerpts from said booklet as indicated. (These ex-

6 cerpts ran from page 14608 to page 14652 in the said Joint

Appendix.)

18. Photostat of "Daily Worker" of June 22, 1945.

18-A. Article "CPA National Committee backs Resolution,

Calls Convention," page 2 of "Daily Worker" of June 22,

11 1945.

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12 19. Photostat of "Daily Worker" of 6/23/45.

19-A. Article "Call CPA Convention July 26" from page 3

of "Daily Worker" of 6/23/45.

15 20. Photostat of "The Worker" of 6/24/45.

16 20-A. Article "Says Leadership Can't Shirk Responsibili-

ties for Errors," by John Williamson, from page 8 of "The

Worker" of 6/24/45.

19 The defense in that case offered 346 exhibits of which 93

20 were admitted in evidence. The said exhibits were similar in

source and length to those offered by the prosecution.

XVIII

23 In order to adequately prepare for the defense it will be 24 necessary for the defendants including petitioner to examine each

of the aforesaid exhibits in their entirety in order to ascertain

whether portions of the exhibits not offered or received in evi-

27 dence may be used to rebut the inferences which the Government

28 will ask the jury to draw from the portions of the exhibits which

29 it offers. In addition, it will be necessary for the defendants

to examine numerous other books, pamphlets and newspapers in order

31 to determine what related material is available to them for the

32 purposes mentioned above.

Many of the books, documents and pamphlets are, so far as de-2 3 4. 5 6 .7 8

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fendants know, not readily available at any one place and it will be necessary for defendants to examine the bibliographies of various libraries such as the Los Angeles Public Library, the University of California Library at Los Angeles, the Huntington Library, and others, and to visit various book stores to determine what books and pamphlets they have available, to examine their own files, records and libraries, as well as to seek to find other persons who may have some of said books, pamphlets or documents available.

The defendants including petitioner have been advised by their counsel that it will be impossible for their counsel to undertake the responsibility for this work and that if preparation is to be made with respect to the various documents which may be offered on behalf of the Government and which should be offered on behalf of the defense, it will be necessary for the defendants themselves to secure such documents to become thoroughly familiar with them, to analyze them and to present their analysis to their said counsel.

In addition to the books, records and documents offered by both sides in the case of United States v. Dennis, it will be necessary for the defendants including petitioner to examine numerous publications, pamphlets and similar documents which were issued on the West Coast which it will be necessary for the defendants to secure from the various sources enumerated above in order to prepare to meet evidence which the Government may offer with respect to the ideas and beliefs and the speech and writings of these defendants, and in order to present their own defense with respect to such ideas, beliefs, speech and writings.

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It will be absolutely impossible for the defendants to prepare their defense unless they are in a position to visit their
various homes and offices, the libraries mentioned above, book
stores, the homes of persons who may have material available; and
other places where they may discover that some of the material
needed is available.

8 XXIII

In addition, they will require the opportunity frequently to consult privately and confidentially with their counsel, both individually and in groups. They will also require assistance from research persons, secretaries and other persons with whom they must consult frequently and regularly in order to undertake even the beginnings of the vast job of preparation which confronts them.

XXIV

17 The tremendous task of preparation would present many problems 18 even if the defendants were free on bail. The indictment in this case being based on the alleged ideas and beliefs allegedly held 19 50 by the defendants as well as the ideas and beliefs allegedly contained in books, documents, newspapers and other writings presents 21 55 a unique problem from the standpoint of preparation for trial. There is involved in this case the fundamental principles of Marx-23 24 ism-Leninism, a world view of nature and society first developed 25 by Marx and Engels over 100 years ago and having its origin in much of the prior thought of mankfhd especially British classical 26 27 political economy, French materialism and German classical idealism, especially that of Hegel. Marxism was added to and extended and further developed over the period of a century on the basis of new conditions and new experiences throughout the world. Leninism is a further development of Marxism in the period referred to by Lenin as the epoch of imperialism.

As a comprehensive world view, Marxism-Leninism embraces all

3 aspects of nature and society. It consequently deals with innum-4 erable teachings, doctrines, laws, concepts, theories and tenden-.5 cies in such spheres as history, philosophy, political economy,

6 sociology, etc.

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The principles of Marxism and Leninism, their development and their application in concrete situations, are not contained in any single text or compendia but are contained in the writings of many. Marxist scholars and philosophers published over many years and in many countries. The defendants in this case must prepare to defend themselves against the charge that they have conspired to advocate matters which may appear in any one of the thousands upon thousands of publications upon which the Government might rely. In addition, they must be prepared to present their own views in respect to these innumerable documents. Never before the Dennis case has any court of law sought to try such a body of doctrine and thinking. In this type of trial, a trial of books and ideas, only the most intensive and concentrated work will permit even the minimum amount of preparation necessary for the defendants to present a defense.

X X V.11

The indictment herein charges that as a part of the alleged conspiracy petitioner and the other persons named in the indictment, and divers unnamed persons, would write and cause to be written articles and directives in publications of the Communist Party of the United States of America, including but not limited to "Political Affairs," "Daily People's World," . "Daily Worker" and "The Worker."

XXVIII

With respect to the said Daily Peopleds World, as alleged in

the petition of Philip Marshall Connelly, this newspaper was published last year Monday through Friday of each week and prior to that time and for a number of years prior to April 1, 1945, said 4 newspaper was published Monday through Saturday of each week. 5. order, therefore, just to examine and analyze the issues of the 6 said paper commencing April 1, 1945 (the date when the alleged conspiracy herein was begun) it would be necessary to examine 1,770 7 8 issues of not less than four pages and as many as eight to ten 9 pages of conventional size or tabloid size newspaper. The other 10 publications named in the indictment herein are, on information 11 and belief, of considerable volume probably exceeding in size that 12 of the Daily People's World as aforesaid. 13

14 In order to properly prepare the defense herein as above out-15 lined, there is need for petitioner's freedom on reasonable bail 16 so that petitioner can earn his livelihood and obtain the necessary 17 funds required in a legal defense of the scope hereinabove stated. 18 Petitioner cannot properly prepare a defense while petitioner and petitioner's witnesses are subject to surveillance and confinement 19 20 in a room, where petitioner is unable to earn a livelihood and where the time for consultation among counsel, witnesses and peti-21 tioner is severely limited .. 55

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In view of the facts and circumstances hereinabove set forth. 24 25 petitioner respectfully submits to the Court that petitioner is at 26 the present time unlawfully imprisoned and restrained of petitioner's liberty; that petitioner's imprisonment and detention are il-27 5.8 legal, arbitrary and a denial of rights secured to petitioner by 29. the Constitution of the United States and that bail in the cur. If 30 \$50,000 is so excessive and so unreasonable as to constitute an 31 absolute denial of petitioner's right to bail and petitioner's right as a matter of due process of law to properly defend peti-35

1 tioner against the charges which have been brought against peti-2 tioner.

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That no previous application for a writ of habeas corpus has been made in this matter to any other court except as hereinabove alleged.

. WHEREFORE, petitioner prays that a writ of habeas corpus may 7 issue directed to James J. Boyle, United States Marshal, Southern District of California, Central Division, and to any other officers having custody of the body of your petitioner, commanding him 10 to have the body of your petitioner produced before this Court at a time and place to be specified, to do and receive what shall 12 13 then and there be considered concerning your petitioner together with time and cause of petitioner's detention and said writ; and 15 that this honorable Court order and direct that petitioner be re-16 leased from such custody forthwith upon such reasonable bail as .17 may be determined in the premises.

DATED: This 4th day of September, 1951.

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20 Verified Deptember 4. 1951)

1 William Schniederma

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- The Pending Register of Federal Criminal Actions in the 2 Central District was examined. Approximately 186 cases were bail cases. The only cases where bail was fixed at \$10,000 4 er more is the annexed list. Many of these annexed indict-5 ments contained more than one count. 6 . CHARGE PENALTY 7 BAIL Mail fraud and conspiracy 5 years - \$10.000 \$25,000 (5 counts) Failure to self-deport) 25,000 10 years 10 Failure to self-deport) 11: 10 years. 15,000 Concealing assets in bank 5 years - \$5,000 15,000 12 Transmission of threatening 13 1.4 letters 5 years - \$1,000. 15,000 15 Transmission of threatening 16 letters 5 years - \$1,000 10,000 17 Per jury 5 years - \$2.000 .10,000 18 Evasion of Income Tax 5 years - \$10,000 10,000 Firearms in Interstate 19 5 years - \$2,000 20 Commerce 10,000 Robbery of United States Mail IO years 21 10,000 22 Conspiracy to defraud Govt. 10 years - \$10,000 10.000 re-23 duced to 5,000 Concealing assets 24 5 years - 45,000 10,000 Smith Act Prosecutions in New York (1) Dennis v. U. S. - 12 defendants
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\$5,000 after indictment. After conviction -27 \$20,000 each - fixed by Circuit Court. Bail 28 continued by Jackson, J., pending applications 29 for writ (Williamson v. U. S., 95 L.Ed. Adv. 10) 30

## EXHIBIT A

1	.(2)	U. S. v. Flynn, et al
2		Flynn, Perry, Gerson, Bachrach, W instock, Lannon
3		Jerome, Weinstone, Charney, Begun, Johnson.
4	•	\$10,000 - Increase to \$50,000 sought, denied.
5		Jones, Gannet, and Bittelman - \$20,000 - In-
6	•	crease to \$75,000 sought, denied. Mindel -
7		\$5,000 - Increase to \$50,000 sought, denied.
8		Amter - \$1,000 - ho increase sought.
9	(3)	Hawaii-U.S. v. Hall, et al
0	·	Bail fixed by Commissioner for 7 defendants at
1		\$75,000. Reduced by Judge Delbert E. Metzger
2		to \$5,000. After indictment, bail fixed at
3		\$7,500.
4.	(4)	Pittsburgh-West Virginia-U.S. v. Nelson, et al
5		Bail fixed by Commissioner in sum of \$100,000.
6		Reduced by Judge William Kirkpatrick in Phila-
7		delphia to \$20,000.
8	(5)	Baltimore-U.S. v. Frankfeld
9		Bail fixed by Commissioner at \$75,000. Required
0		for one defendant to \$5,000; second defendant
1		to \$17,500; third defendent to \$10,000.
2,		Terminal Island Four
3.	(Car	lson v. U.S.)
4		Charge - Alien Communists and advocates of force.
5	1.	and violence. Pending deportation proceedings,
6	V	bail denied by Attorney General, District Court

EXHIBIT A

as entire body.

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and Circuit Court. On application for writ of

certifrari, bail in sum of \$5,000 unanimously

fixed by United States Supreme Court sitting

#### EXHIBIT B

### ANALYSIS

Of the approximately 186 cases examined July 30, 1951 (total in the Pending Register), about 175 fixed bail at less than \$10,000. The following is a tabulation:

6	Bail Bail	No. of Cases
7	\$7,500	2
8	5,000	20.
9	3,500	1
10	3,000	6
11	2,500	18
12	2,000	14
13	1,500	18
14	1,000	47
15	500	55
16	250	1
17	Own Recognizance	22

The cases where the penalty was 5 years and up totalled approximately 158 in number, or about 80% of the total number of 19cases. The average bail in all of the cases where the penalty 20 was 5 years an up amounts to less than \$3,000.

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1 The following are the cases in the Pending Register of Criminal 2 Actions in Central District where the bail was below \$10,000: 3 CHARGE PENALTY COUNTS BAIL 4 Forgery 10-01.000 3 3 1.000 5 Passing altered money order 5- 5,000 2,000 6 Forging and uttering U. S. 7 Treasury check 10- 1,000 1.000 5- 1,000 8 Forging and uttering check 2 Own Racognizance 9 Forging and uttering check 5-1,000 10 Forging and uttering 11 Government obligation 5- 1,000 1,000 12 Harboring and concealing 13 aliens 5- 1,000 1.500 14 Possession and sale of 15 narcotics 10- 5,000 . 500 16 Illegal wearing uniform. 17 U.S. Army 6mos 250 1 500. 18 Unlawful wearing U.S. 19 Navy Uniform 6 mos 250 500 20 Forging and uttering 21 Government draft 10- 1,000 1,000 22 Unlawful possession of 23 ration points to the 1-10,000 5.000 24 Forgery, personation and 25 Conspiracy 3,000 10-10,000 26 Forgery, personation and 2,000 27 Conspiracy . 10-10,000 28 Conspiracy, possession of 29 writings and sugar stamps 5-10,000 5,000 30 Conspiracy, possession of 31 writings and sugar stamps 5-10,000 Own Recognizance

1	CHARGE	PENALTY	COUNTS	BAIL /
5	Buying and selling meat			
3	in excess of price			
4	control	5-\$10,000	50	₩ 5,000
5	Concealment of assets			
6	from trustee in			
7	bankruptcy	5- 5,000	3	10,000
8	Attempt to wreck a train	5- 5,000	1 .	5,000
8	Mailing scurrilous postal			
10	cards	5- 5,000	5	500
11	False claim of citizen-			
12	ship .	5 10,000	7	2,500
13	Internal Revenue Gode			
14	(Fraudulent income tax return)	5-10,000	4	
15	Failure to report for	0-10,000		
16	induction and to keep			
17	Board informed of		7	
18	address	5-10,000	2	2,500
19	Treason	death		No Bail
20				,
21	Transport stolen motor			
22		5- 5,000	1 ,	5,000
	False claim of citizen-			
24	sh1p	5-10,000	-,1	500
	Conspiracy and fraud		-	
	vs. Government	5-10,000	24 (	10,000* (on motion /
27		-/		to 5,000)
	Mann Act	5- 5,000	4	1,000
29	Servicemen's Readjustment			
30	Act #44	1- 1,000	4	Own Recogni- zance
31	Transport stolen motor			./
32	wehicle # Referred to in Exhibit A	5- 5,000	1	
		5 -	•	

1	1. CHARGE 2 Juvenile Delinquency	PENALTY	COUNTS	BAIL
4	5 Forgery U.S. Money Order)		/	
	4 Mailing obscene letter	10-\$ 5,000	/1	2,500
12	5 Engage in business of			,,,,,,,,,
	6 opurchasing spirits for			
*	7 resale without basic			
	permit	•	2	2,500
	9 Transport stolen motor			,,,,,
	10 vehicle	5- 5,000	1	
	11 Forging and cashing		•	\
	12 Government bonds	10- 1,000	.5	2,500
	13 Theft of mail	5- 2,000	1	1,000
	14 Forging Government			
	15 Obligation	15- 5,000	1	500
	-16 Bank robbery, transport-			7
•	17 ing interstate stolen			
	18 money and flight to			
	19 avoid prosecution	25-10,000	3 Hel	d No Bond
	20 Forging and uttering			
	21 Government check	10- 1,000	.2	1,000
	22 Transporting stolen motor			
	23 vehicle in foreign			
	24 commerce	5- 5,000	1	3,000
	25			duced to
	26 Anti-trust conspiracy to			
	27 fix, determine, establish		14	
	28 and maintain noncompetitive			
	29 prices, etc. of fire		•	
	30 extinguishers	1- 5,000		Recogni-
	31		zanc	e(later 1,000)
	32	- 6 -		

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1 CHARGE	PENALTY	COUNTS	BAIL
2 Theft of Government			t.
3 property, forging			
4 oand.uttering Govern-			
5 ment checks	10- \$ 10,	000 4	\$ 2,500
6 Sale and possession of		a state of the	
7 narcotics	10- 5,	000 🗂 2	2,500
8 Conspiracy, false state-			.0
9 ments to Government	5- 10,	000 2	3,000
10 Purchase of narcotics,			
11 receiving and trans- S			
12 porting narcotics	10- 5,	000 . 2	2,500
13 Forging postal money			
14 orders	5- 5,	000 4	500
15 False statement in appli-			
16 cation for Survivors			
17 Insurance Benefits	1- 1,	000 12	1,000
18 Evasion of Income Tax	5- 10,	000 1	1,000
19 Migratory	6 mos	500 1	•
20 Embezzlement, abstraction,			
21 misapplication funds			
22 H.O.L.C., and false	•		ہ
23 entry in book	5- 10,	000 24	Own Recogni-
24			<b>Eance</b> (later 5,000)
25 Evasion income taxes	5- 10,	000 2	1,000
26		•	Released Own Rerognizance
27	٠		on Motion
Evasion income taxes	5- 10,	000 1	1,000
Misapplication and			W
Embezzlement of National			
bank funds	•	000 6	1,000
Evasion income taxes	5- 10,	000 2	/3,000
			•

.

			***	
1 CHARGE	PE	NALTY	COUNTS	BAIL
2 Evasion income taxes	5-	\$10,000	5	Own Recongi-
3 Failure to file in- come tax return 4	1-	10,000	1	\$ 2,500 Released own recognizance
6 Forging and uttering		0		
7 goverment checks	10-	1,000	2	1,000
8 Transporting stolen .				-,
9 car 10 Transmission Inter-	5-	5,000	1.	1,000
state threatening communications;				
13 mailing threatening				
14 letters	20-	5,000	4	15,000#
3.5 Sale of narcotics	10-	5,000	2	1,500
16 False statement in	1			
17 application for				
5 Federal Housing				
loan Loan	•		4	400
20 Conspiracy to defraud, make	3			
pass, utter and pub-	15-11			
23 FMA Title Loan application	n 5-	10,000	41	2,000
24 Conspiracy to defraud, make				
25 pass, utter pub-				
26 lish statements re:				
27 FHA Title Loan				
28 Application	5-	10,000	41	1,000
29 Perjury before ICC, making			*	•
• 30 false statements on oath		-		
31 before examiner	5-	5,000	1	1,500
32 * Referred to in Exhibit A				, solva,

1	21/ROB	PENALTY	COUNTS	BALL
2	Anti-trust, fixing.			
3	prices for fish	1- \$ 5,000	2	\$ 1,000
4	Perjury; false state-		o	
5	ments to and con-			
6	cealing facts from			
7	Department of Army	5- 2,000	6	Own Recognie
8	Official asking and			Eance
9	accepting bribe	3-	14	1,000
10	Embezzlement and theft	•		
21	of U.S. property			
12	False document			
13	Filed with Department			
14	of Agriculture	5- 10,000	28	Own Recogni-
1.5				zance then, 3,5000
_5	Contempt, failure to .			1
17	appear before Grand	y		
3	Jury		1	1,000
19	Forging U.S.		/	
20	Treasury Checks	10- 1,000	8	1,000
21	Concealment of narcotics	10- 5,000	1	2,000
.38	Perjury committed before	./.	. 0	
23	Federal Grand Jury	5- 2,000	° 1	5,000
24	Mail fraud and Conspiracy	5- 10,000	5	25,000*
25	Mail fraud and Conspiracy	5- 10,000	5 -	500
26				(vacated and released on
27				own recogni-
28	Accessory to bank robbery			
29	and receiving proceeds			
30	thereof	12- 5,000	5 .	5,000
31	*Referred to in Exhibit A			

6.			
1 CHARGE	PENALTY	COUNTS	BAIL
2 Conspiracy to commit			
3 offenses in vio-			
4 lation of Title			•
5 47, Sec. 605;			
6 (Unauthorized			
7 publication or use			
8 of communications)	5-\$10,000	1	\$ 7,500
9 Conspiracy to commit			
10 offenses in vio-			
ll lation of Title 47;			
12 Sec. 605; (Unauth-			
33 orized publication			
14 or use of communi-			
15 cations)	5- 10,000	1	1,000
16 Evasion of income tax	5- 10,000	3 .	1,500
17 Evasion of income tax	5- 10,000	2	1,500
18 Transport interstate			
19 of stolen auto	5- 5,000	1	3,000
20 Evasion of income tax	5- 10,000	1	1,000
21 Transport forged			
22 security			
interstate 23	10,000	1	2,000
24 Mailing obscene			
25. matter	10- 5,000	. 13	2,000
26 Illegal impor-		`	
27 tation and			
28 concealment of			
29 narcotics 1	0- 5,000	2	2,500
30 Embezzlement and			H .
31 theft of U.S propery 1	0- 10,000	50	Own Recogni-
32			zance

1 CHARGE	PENALTY	COUNT	BAIL
2 Concealing assets and con-	•		
3 cealing records in con-		.,,	
1 tempt of Bankruptcy;			
5 Conspiracy; mail fraud	5- \$ 10,000	6	\$ 5,000
6 Misbranded device and drug			
7 in interstate commerce	1- 1,000	, 1	own recogni-
8 False claim of citizenship	5- 10,000	. 2	7,500
9 Evasion income tax	5- 10,000	2	1,500
10 Transport stolen motor vehicl	e5- 5,000	1	3,000
11 Ship misbranded drug in	0		
12 interstate commence	1- 1,000	2	Own recogni
13 Mail fraud	5- 1,000	17	2,500
14 Robbery from mails	5- 10,000	1	10,000*
15 Evasion income tax	5- 10,000	0. 4	1,500
16 Evasion income tax	5 - 10,000	5	1,500
17 Evasion income tax	5- 10,000	. 2	1,500
18 Evasion income tax	5- 10,000	. 4	1,500
19 Evasion, income tax	5- 10,000	4	1,500
20 Evasion income tax	5- 10,000	4	1,500
21 Conspiracy to commit offens-			
22 es against U.S.; conspiracy			
23 to cause to be made false			
24 papers re: Veterans Eligi-			•
25 bility for Home Loans under			
26 Servicemen's Readj. Act, 1944	5- 10,000	9	1,000
27 Evasion income tax	5- 10,000	4	1,500
28 Failure to register firearm;			
29 Interstate transport. unreg-			
30 istered Firearm	5- 2,000	2 .	10,000*
31 Interstate transport motor			
32 vehicle stolen	5,000	1	2,000
*Referred to in Exhibit A			
	J 11 -		

,	CHARGE	•		
		PENALTY	courts	SAIL
3				11.54
		5 - \$2,000	• 3	2,500
4				
5	0			
6				
7	(Vickey Cohen case)	5 - 10,000	5	10,000* (reduced to
8	9			5,000)
7	IRC - evasion of			
10	income tax;			
	Taking false	C		
12			•	
3 13	Cohen case - wife)	5 - 10,000	1	2,500
14.	Theft of mail,			•
15	obstruction of .			L
1	correspondence .	5 - 2,000	i	1,000
17	Transport stolen car	5 - 5,000	.1	1,000
18.	Theft of mail by			
19	postal employee	5 - 2,000	1	1,000
20	Pailure to report for			
21	induction @	5 - 10,000	1	5,000°
22	Perjury committed before			
23	Grand Jury	5 - 2,000	2	10,000*
24	Obstruction of		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	winnerwantenisman
25	correspondence	5 - 500	1.	2,000
26	Transport stolen auto	5 - 5,000	1	5,000
27	Failure to report for			
	induction	5 - 10,000	1	2,500
29	Failure to file			
30	Questionnaire	5 - 1,000	• 2	2,500
31	* Referred to in			2,000
•	Exhibit A	- 10		

EXHIETT "B"

1	CHARGE	PEVALTY	COUNTS	BAIL
2	Soliciting and attempt-			90
3	ing to sell auto in			
4	excess of maximum			
5	ceiling price		4	500
6	Concealment of assets			
7	and records in bank-			
8	ruptcy; conspiracy,		All .	
9	mail fraud	5 - 10,000	3 Own	Recognizance
10	Failed and refused to			
11	be. inducted	5 - 10,000	1	2,500
12	Illegal possession of			
13	Parijuana	5 - 2,000	1	1,500
14	Conspiracy to corruptly			
15	endeavor to influence			
16	a witness and solici+			
17	tation of a bribe by			
18	such witness	5 - 10,000	1 Owr	Recognizance
19	Fallure to register	. 0		
	o firearm	5 - 2,000-	1 .	1,000
21,	Failure to register	100	(ii)	
22	firearm	5 - 2,000	1	1,000
23	Servicemen's Readj.		11	
24	Act 1944	1 - 1,000	0 3	500
25	Transporto Stolen Auto	5 - 5,000	1	1,000
. 26	Failure to report for			
27.	induction	5 - 10,000	1	5,000
28			(r	1,000)
29	Theft of mail by			
	postal employee	5 - 2,000	4	1,000
	Theft of mail by		0	
32	postal employee	5 - 2,000	3	1,500
•	0	HIBIT "B"		

	1	CHARGE	PE	NALŤY.	COUR	TS	BAIL	
	2	Transport stolen car	5	- \$5,000	1		\$2,000	
	3.	Transport stolen car	. 5	- 5,000	1		5,000	1
	4	Transport stolen car	5	- 5,000	1		1,000	,
-	5	Breaking into building						
	6	used in part as			•			
And a diament	7	Post Office	5	- 1,000	1		5,000	
India monay	8	ail fraud	5	- 1,000	11		5,000	
-	9	Conspiracy; embezzle-						•
and or desired	10	ment funds National		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	11	Bank	5	- 10,000	4		1,000	
	12	Theft from interstate						
1	13	shipment and re-						
	14	ceiving stolen goods	10-	5,000	12		5,000	
-	15	Forging of postal-						
-	16	saving certificates						-
	17	and uttering same	5	- 5,000	. 8		500	
-	18	Failure to report for	. '1'					
On the same	19	induction	5	- 10,000	1		1,500	
,	20	Failure to report for		. )				
-	21	induction	5	- 10,000	1		1,000	, .
	22	Theft of mail	.5	- 2,000	1		1,000	
	23	Mail threatening						
	24	letter	50	- 5,000	1		10,000*	
	25	Illegal possession of						
	26	Parijuana	5	- 2,000	1	•	1,000	
	27	Pair Labor Standards Act.	6	mos-10,000	14	'Own	Recognizance	,
	28	Fair Labor Standards Act	6	mos-10,000	13	Own	Recognizance	
	29	Fair Labor Standards Act	6	mos-10,000	10	Own	Reco_nizance	
	30	Federal Food, Drug and	1	'0			40	S.
	31	Cosmetics Act (Adul-	100					
	32	terated food in Int.Com.)	1	1,000	18	Own	lecognizance	,
		# Referred to			70 -			
		in Exhibit A	-2 3		4.			

" "			1		
1	CHARGE -	P	YALTY.	COUNT	S BAIL
2	Federal Food, Drug and				
3	Cosmetics Act (Adul-				
. 4	terated food in in-				
5	terstate commerce)	1	- 0 1,000	4	Own Recognizance
6	Forging Government Check	10	1,000	2	9 5,000
7	Obstruction of mail .	5	2,000	. 2	5,000
8	Theft from interstate				
9	shipment	_10	5,000	. 3	1,000
10	Theft on Government		the of		
11	Reservation	5 -	5,000	5	500
12-	Illegal wearing.				
13	uniforms	6 -	250	1	1,000
14	Infringement of copy-				•
15	righted movies	1 -	. 1,000	4	Own Recognizance
16	False claim for unem-		V.		
17	ployment insurance				
18	benefits from R.R.	4 97			
19	retirement board	.1 -	10,000	4	Own Recognizance
20	Transport stolen fire-	1	LE	1,45	
21	arm	5 -	2,000	0	2,000
22	Failure to be inducted	5	10,000	1	1,000
23	Failure to be inducted.	5 -	10,000	1	3,000
24	Forging and uttering				5
25	Government check	10 -	1,000	2	1,000
. 26	Theft of mail	5 -	2,000	3	1,000
27	Theft of ma il by				
28	postal employee .	5 -	2,000	2 .	500
29	Theft of mail by				
30	postal employee	5 -	2,000	2	500
31	Theft of mail by				
32	postal employee	5 -	2,000	2	1,000
	S. EX	HIBIT	"B"		

	<b>*</b>		(D)	1	3
	1 CHARGE	PENALT	Y	COUNTS	PAIL
: 1	Failure to be inducted.	5 - \$	10,000	.∘ <b>1</b>	.7,1,000
	Embezzlement of funds				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
4	National Bank	5 -	5,000	4	1 000
`8	Forging and uttering			0 RV 7	1,000
· 6	forged Postal				
7	Money Order	5 - 1	5.000	2	250
8	Forging Government Check		0	3	1,500
9					2,500
10		5 - 2	.000	1	/ 1,000
11	Causing false claim to				1,000
12	be made to Veterans!				
13					1
14		1 - 1	,000	1	Own
15			114 11-		recognizance
016		n	0		
17	ment insurance benefits	2 - 1			
18	R.R. retirement board	1 - 10	,000	2	Own
19			<b>6</b> :	re	cognizance then 500
20	False claim for unemploy-	1			
21	ment insurance R.R. retire	•			2 .
22	ment board	1 - 10	,000	4 Own	Recognizance
23	Juvenile delinquency			CII	en 500
24	transfer of marijuana			4, 2	-00
25		5 - 2	000	1	500
26	Forging and uttering		,000	2	2,500
27	Government check	10 - 1	000		
28	Embezzlement of funds	10 - 1,	,000	2	1,000
29	of National Bank		500		8.
	or rational bank	5 -,	500	4 Own	recognizance
30			0		
2.5 4.	- 100				

1	CHARGE -	PENALTY	- COUNTS	BAIL
2	Interstate transport	•		,
3	falsely made	•		/
4	security	10 - \$10,000	1	2,500
-5	False claim unemploy-			
6	ment insurance bene-			
7	fits R.R. retirement	4.6		0
8	board	1 - 10,000	4 Owr	Recognizanc
9				hen 500
10	Impersonation as		53,77 ()	
11	Federal Officer	3 - 1,000	4	5,000
12	Theft of mail by			- 44
13	postal employee	5 - 2,000	2	500
14	Illegal wearing Marine		was a second	(a)
15	Corps uniform	6 mos500	1	1 500
16	False claim of citi-			
17	zenship	3 - 1,000	1	1,000
	Theft of mail by			
18	Postjal employee	5 - 2,000	. 2	500
19	Illegal sale and			
20	Possession of			
21	arijuana	5 - 2,000	2	2,000
22	Theft of mail by			
23	Fostal employee	5 - 2,000	2	3,000
24	Theft of Government			
25	property	10 - 10,000	4	1,000
26	Illegal possession		6	1.0
27	of Marijuana	5 - 2,000	1	1,600
28	Conspiracy to de-		100	08
29	fraud and commit		o.	9
30	offense - kick -	and the second s	101	
31		•		
32	backs on sub-			0.000
*	contracts	2 - 10,000	9	2,500
	the state of the s	EXHIBIT "B"		

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CENTRAL DIVISION

11 UNITED STATES OF A TRICA,

No. 21883-Crim.

Plaintiff,

WILLIAM SCHNEIDER AN, et al.,

Defendants.

Pursuant to stipulation of the parties hereto, the United States Marshal IS HEREBY ORDERED AND DIRECTED to take the steps necessary to permit each and all of the defendants in the above-entitled matter to have the following conditions for preparation for trial:

· 1. Upon one days notice, or upon being furnished a schedule in advance, the said defendants shall be permitted to work with their attorneys on the preparation of their case at any and all times between the hours of 9.60 2.m. to 5:00 p.m., Tondays through Fridays, inclusive, in acon 243B of the Federal 27 Building in the city of Los Angeles, or at such place as the United States Parshall shall select, An attorney for said 29 defendants need not be present at all times during the time that 30 the defendants are so working on the preparation of their case 31 for trial.

During the time that the defendants are so working

they may have brought to them their meals at their own expense. The defendants shall be allowed to bring into said room and to maintain where such books, documents, pamphlets, 4 and similar written or printed material as they shall desire,. without censorship of any kind as to content, and the defendants shall be permitted to make and keep on said room and to deliver to their attorneys such notes, memoranda and documents as they desire, without censorship of any kind as to content. In addition, the defendants shall be permitted to bring to said 10 room and keep there such office equipment as typewriters; and such office supplies as paper, carbon paper, pencils, pens, ink, 12 otc.; provided, however, that none of the foregoing is intended to deprive the United States Marshal of the right to see to it that nothing other than materials of the dind permitted by this order are brought in 4. For the purpose of dealing with problems relating 16 to their defense; the defendants shall be allowed, in the presence of an attorney, to visit and confer with such persons as the attorney shall designate; provided, however, that such person shall furnish to the United States 'arshal his name, 200 21 address, criminal record if any, and general occupation. 22 DATED this 31st day of August, 1951. 23 24 25 26 United States District Judge 27 28 PRESTMATED BY: 30 Chief Assistant U. S. Attorney

MARGOLIS and McTERNAN 112 West Ninth Street 1 Los Angeles 15, California VAndike 7153 3 and LEO A. SULLIVAN 1440 Broadway Street 4 Oakland, California 5 Hightower 4-1707 6 Attorneys for Petitioner 7 8 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA. 9 10 CENTRAL DIVISION 21 WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN. No. 13441-6 12 Petitioner, ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE WHY 13 WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS 14 JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal, SHOULD NOT ISSUE Respondent. 15 16 Upon reading the verified petition of the petitioner on 17 file herein. IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that James J. Boyle, United States Marsh 18 for the Southern District of California appear before the above 19 20 entitled Court in the courtroom of the Honorable 21 at the United States Post Office and Court House Building, 312 Nort 22 Spring Street. Los Angeles, California, on the 6th Day of September 1951, at 2 P.M. of said day, they and there to show cause if any he 23 24 may have why he should not release from his custody or the custody 25 such officers or agents as may have the same for and on his behalf, 26 , petitioner herein, upon the body of WILLIAM SCHURITERMAN 27 such reasonable bail as may be determined by this Court. 28 Good cause being shown therefor, it is hereby ordered that 29 this Order and the said petition may be served upon the respondent 30 herein on or before September 4, 1951 at 2 P.M. of said day. DATED: This 4th day of September, 1951. 31 /s/ Ben Harriso 32

JUDGE OF THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT

United States Attorney

RAY H. KINNISON
Assistant U. S. Attorney
Chief of Criminal Division

600 Federal Building Los Angeles 12, California Telephone: MAdison 7411

Attorneys for Respondent 9

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CENTRAL DIVISION

WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN,

Petitioner.

VS .

JAMES J. BOYLE, UNITED States Marshall,

Respondent.

No. 13441-C

RETURN TO WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

I, JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal for the Southern District of California, respondent herein, on behalf of myself and each and all of my agents and deputies, respectfully make the following return and answer to this Honorable Court, to the writ of habeas corpus iss ued pursuant to the petition for writ of habeas corpus in the above case:

T

That the petitioner, William Schneiderman, is not unlawfully imprisoned or restrained of his liberty, and his imprisonment and detention are not illegal, arbitrary or a denial of rights secured to him by the Constitution of the United States, but said petitioner is in my custody under proper and lawful authority.

I

That said petitioner was taken into custody on July 26, 1951, in the City of New York, State of New York, by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, upon a warrant issued on July 25, 1951, by Howard V. Calverley, United States Commissioner for the Southern District of California, pursuant to everified complaint charging the petitioner and others with conspiracy to commit

offenses against the United States prohibited by Section 2 of the Smith Act, 54 Stat. 671, 18 U.S.C. (1946 Ed.) 10, and 18 U.S.C. (1948 Ed.) 2385.

III

Following said petitioner's arrest he was taken without delay on July 26, 1951, before United States Commissioner McDonough, the nearest United States Commissioner, who then and there arraigned said petitioner and set bail in the amount of \$100,000 pending removal to this district. On July 27, 1951, the petitioner again appeared before United States Commissioner McDonough and the bail of petitioner was continued in the amount of \$100,000 pending removal proceedings. On August 6, 1951, petitioner appeared before United States Commissioner Platt for the Southern District of New York, at which time petitioner's bail was reduced to the sum of \$75,000. On August 7, 1951, petitioner appeared before the Honorable Edward J. Dimock, Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and at that time bail for the petitioner was reduced to the sum of \$50,000 pending removal to this district, and the petitioner was then ordered removed to this district. On August 14, 1951, petitioner was removed from the District of New York by Deputy United States Marshals and was delivered to your respondent on August 17, 1951. On the same date petitioner was arraigned before the Honorable James M. Carter, United States District Judge for the Southern District of California, and at the request of petitioner plea was continued until the 29th day of August 1951. On August 29, 1951, the petitioner herein entered a plea of not guilty before the Honorable William C. Mathes, Judge of the District Court for the Southern District of California, to whose court the cause had been transferred for all further proceedings.

IV

The grand jury for the Southern District of California, in and for the Central Division, met on the 27th, 30th and 31st days of July, 1951, and, after hearing the evidence presented, did on the 31st day of July, 1951, return an indictment against the petitioner herein and eleven other named defendants, a certified copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A". That said grand jury recommended bail in the amount of \$100,000 for the petitioner herein and, on the return of the indictment, said amount of bail was approved by Judge James M.

V

Pollowing the opinion rendered by the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit in the case of Philip Marshall Connelly, Petitioner, v. The United States District Court in and for the Southern District of California, Central Division, and Honorable James M. Carter, Judge thereof, Respondents (No. 13053, decided August 24, 1951), Judge James M. Carter did, on the 29th day of August, 1951, disqualify himself as to both Philip Marshall Connelly and the petitioner herein, and transferred all proceedings in said case of United States v. Schneiderman, et al., to Judge Paul J. McCormick, Presiding Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of California. Judge Paul J. McCormick on the same date assigned said case to Judge Wm. C. Mathes for all further proceedings. Thereafter, on the 29th day of August, 1951, a motion was made before the Honorable Wim. C. Mathes to reduce the bail of the petitioner herein, and following a full hearing lasting two days an order was made on August 30, 1951, reducing the amount of bail set on said indictment to the sum of \$50,000. That petitioner has not given such bail and is detained by respondent pursuant to the proceedings aforesaid; that in said hearings before Judges Wm. C. Mathes and Louis E. Goodman the same matters were rais ed as are raised in the said petition, and said matters have already been litigated.

VI

That the order of said Judge Wm. C. Mathes fixing bail in the amount of \$50,000 does not, under the circumstances herein involved, constitute an excessive requirement of bail in accordance with the Eighth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States, and does not amount to a violation of said Amendment or the Fifth Amendment thereto, and does not show any abuse of discretion by said Judge Vm. C. Mathes.

VII

That named in the indictment above-mentioned, as unindicted coconspirators with the petitioner herein, are: Robert G. Thompson, Henry Winston,
Gilbert Green, and Gus Hall. That the said last-named individuals were defendants in the case of United States v. Dennis, et al., who were convicted in the

Southern Dis trict of New York on a violation of the same Act under which the above-mentioned indictment was returned, and which conviction was, on June 4, 1951, affirmed by the Supreme Court of the United States. That, thereafter, said last-named persons failed to appear and surrender to serve the sentence theretofore imposed and on Huly 2, 1951, bench warrants were ordered issued by the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York for said persons, and on July 3, 1951, the bonds theretofore posted (referred to in the petition herein) by said persons were ordered forfeited by that court. The nature of the offense charged in the indictment herein is the incitement of rebellion looking to the overthrow of the government of the United States by force and violence and disloyalty to the United States. Under the facts and circumstances here involved the defendants in said indictment, including the petitioner herein, lack the usual incentive of respect to said government. Your respondent alleges that the petitioner herein is a poor security risk and that unless a substantial bail is required of said petitioner, said petitioner would not appear to enswer the charges contained in the indictment herein,

## VIII

That in none of the cases mentioned in Exhibits "A" and "B" of the petition herein, save and except the two New York cas es of United States v. Dennis
and United States v. Flynn, is the charge the same as is contained in the indictment herein, all of said cases being routine cases involving violations of various
federal statutes.

WHEREFORE, the respondent, James J. Boyle, United States Marshal for the Southern District of California, having made due and full answer to the writ of habeas corpus heretofore issued herein, pursuant to the petition for writ of habeas corpus, respectfully prays that the petition for writ of habeas corpus be dismissed and that the petitioner, William Schneiderman, be remanded to respondent's custody to be dealt with according to the laws of the United States of America.

JAMES J. BOYLE

JAMES J. BOYLE

United States Marshal for the C
Southern District of California

- 1	
1	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA .
2	Southern District of California )
3	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal for the Souther
4	District of Celifornia, being first duly sworn, on his oath
5	deposes and says:
6	That he is the person who makes the aforesaid return;
7	that he has read the same and knows the contents thereof, and
8	that the same is true according to the best of his knowledge an
9	belief.
10	<b>∂</b>
11	
12	/s/ Jimes J. Boyle
13	JANES J. BOYIE
14	0.
15	SUBSCRIBED and SWORM to before me
16	this 6th day of September, 1951
17	EDMUND L. SMITH
18	Clerk, United States District Court Southern District of California
19	By /s/ Charles A. Secty Deputy
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22	
23	
24	
25,	
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## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA. CENTRAL DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Plaintiff,

WILLIAM SCHNDIDERMAN,
DOOCTHY ROSUNBLUM HEALEY,
ALBERT JASON LIMA,
OLUTA O'CONNOR YATES,
CARL PUDE LAMBERT,
PHILIP MARSHALL CONNELLY,
ROSE CHUCKIN KUSNITZ,
AL TICHMOND, also known as
Abraham Richman,
DENIST CTTO FOX, also known as
Ernest Otto Fuchs,
HUMRY STEINBERG,
LORUTTA STARVUS STACK, and
MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE,

(U.S.C., Title 18, Sec. 11 1946 Ed. U.S.C., Title 18, Sec. 371948 d.) Section 3 of the Smith Act, 54 Stat. 671 - Conspiracy to violate the Smith Act)

INDICTMENT

The grand jury charges:

Defendants.

thereafter up to and including the date of the filing of this indictment, in the Southern District of California, and elsewhere, WILLIAM SCHWEIDERMAN, DEROTHY ROSENBLUM HEALEY, ALBERT JASON LIMA, CLETA C'CONVER YATES, CARL RUDE LAWBERT, PHILIP "ARSHALL CONVELLY, ROSE CHERNIN KUSNITZ, AL RUDE LAWBERT, PHILIP "ARSHALL CONVELLY, ROSE CHERNIN KUSNITZ, AL RUDE LAWBERT, DEVICE, the defendant, TEMEST OTTO FOX, also known as Ernest Otto Fuchs, HENRY STEINBERG, LOUPTTA STARVUS STACK, and MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE, the defendants herein, unlawfully, wilfully, and knowingly did conspire with each other and with William Z. Foster, Eugene Denpis, John B. Williamson, Jacob Stackel, Robert G. Thompson, Benjamin J. Davis, Jr., Henry Winston, John Gates, Irving Potash, Gilbert Green, Carl Winter, and Gus Hall, co-conspirators but not defendants herein, and with divers other persons to the grand jury unknown, to commit offenses against the United States prohibited by Section 2 of the

Smith Act 54 Stat. 671, 18 U.S.C. (1946 Ed.) 10, and 18 U.S.C. (1948 Ed.) 2385, by so conspiring (1) unlawfully, wilfully, and knowingly to advocate and teach the duty and necessity of overthrowing the Government of the United States by force and violence, and (2) unlawfully, wilfully, and knowingly to organize and help organize as the Communist Party of the United States of America a society, group, and assembly of persons who teach and advocate the overthrow and destruction of the Government of the United States by force and violence, in violation of Section 3 of the Smith Act, 54 Stat. 671, 18 U.S.C. (1946 Ed.) 11, and 18 U.S.C. (1948 Ed.) 371;

- (2) It was part, of said conspiracy that said defendants and co-conspirators would become members, officers, and functionaries of said Party, knowing the purposes of the Party, and in such capacities would assume Leadership in said Party and responsibility for carrying out its policies and activities up to and including the date of the filing of this indictment;
- defendants and co-conspirators would cause to be organized Groups, Clubs, Sections, District and State Units of said Party in the State of California and elsewhere and would recruit and encourage recruitment of members of said Party, concentrating on recruiting persons employed in key basic industries and plants.
- (4) It was further a part of said conspiracy that said defendants and co-conspirators would publish and circulate and cause to be published and circulated books, articles, magazines, and newspapers teaching and advocating the duty and necessity of overthrowing and destroying the Government of the United States by force and violence;
- (5) It was further a part of said conspiracy that said defendants and co-conspirators would write and cause to be written articles and directives in publications of the Communist Party of the United States of America including, but not limited to,

"Political Affairs," "Daily People's World," "Daily Worker," and "The Worker," teaching and advocating the necessity of overthrowing and destroying the Government of the United States by force and violence:

- defendants and co-conspirators would conduct and cause to be conducted schools and classes for indoctrination of recruits and members of said Party in the principles of Farxism-Leninism in which would be taught and advocated the duty and necessity of overthrowing and destroying the Government of the United States by force and violence as speedily as circumstances parmit;
- defendants and co-conspirators would agree upon and carry into effect detailed plans for the vital parts of the Communist Party of the United States of America to go underground in the event of emergency and from said underground position to continue in all respects the conspiracy described in paragraph (1);
- (8) It was further a part of said conspiracy that said defendants and co-conspirators would use false names, passports, and other false documents in order to conceal their identities and activities as members and functionaries of said party;
- (9) It was further a part of said conspiracy that said defendants and co-conspirators would do other and further things to conceal the existence and operations of said conspiracy; and

In pursuance of said conspiracy and to effect the objects thereof, in the Southern District of California, the defendants and co-conspirators did commit, among others, the following OVERT ACTS:

1. On or about July 17 and 18, 1948, WILLIAM SCHMEIDER-MAN, DOROTHY ROSENBLUM HEALEY, ALBERT JASON LIMA, OLETA C'GONNOR YATES, CARL RUDE LAMBERT, AL RICHMOND, also known as Abraham Richman, LORETTA STARVUS STACK, and MARY BURNADETTE DOYLE, defendants herein, did attend and participate in a Convention of

Sixth Street and Western Avenue Tos Angeles, California;

- 2. On or about August 20, 1948, MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE, a defendant herein, did attend and participate in a meeting of the Morgan Hull Club in San Diego, California;
- 3. On or about August 21, 1948, LORETTA STARVUS STACK, a defendant herein, did prepare and issue a directive and cause it to be circulated by the California State Committee of the Communist Party;
  - 4. On or about August 21, 1948, AL RICHMOND, also known as Abraham Richman, a defendant herein, did issue a directive and cause it to be circulated by the California State Committee of the Communist Party;
- 5. On one about January 21, 1949, HENRY STRINBURG, a defendant herein, did attend and participate in a meeting;
- 6. On or about May 20, 1949, ROSE CHTTNIN KUSNITZ, a defendant herein, did attend and participate in a meeting held at 847 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, California;
- 7. On or about December 7, 1949, WILLIAM SCHNEIDERVAN and DOROTHY ROSENBLUM HEALEY, defendants herein, did attend and participate in a meeting at Park View Manor, 2200 West Seventh Street, Los Angeles, California;
- 8. On or about January 20, 1950 WILLIA SCHWEIDTRYAN, a defendant herein, did attend and participate in a meeting at Embassy Auditorium, Los Angeles, California.
- 9. On or about February 15, 1950, MARY BERNADWITE DCYLE, a defendant herein, did attend and participate in a meeting held at 7891 Normandie Street, San Diego, California;
- 10. On or about April 6, 1950, WILLIAM SCHWEIDTREAN, a defendant herein, did attend and participate in a meeting at 3875 City Terrace Boulevard, Los Angeles, California;
- 11. On or about June 12, 1950, ALBERT JASON LIVA, a defendant herein, did attend and participate in a meeting at

2200 West Seventh Street, Los Angeles, California;

- 12. On or about Jume 24, 1950, PHILIP MARSHALL CONNELLY, MARY BURNADETTE DOYLE, and ALBERT JASON LIMA, defendants herein, did attend and participate in a meeting at Park Manor, 607 South Western Avenue, Los Angeles, California;
- known as Ernest Otto Fuchs, a defendant herein, did prepare and issue a directive and cause it to be circulated;
- 14. On or about April 9, 1951, CARL RUDE LATEURT, a defendant herein, did attend and participate in a meeting at 405 De La Guerra Street, Santa Barbara, California;
- 15. On or about July 24, 1951, OLYTA O'CONNOR YATES, a defendant herein, did attend and participate in a meeting at 124 West\Sixth Street, Los Angeles, California.

A TRUE BILL

Poreman

ERNEST A. TOLIN, United States Attorney.

v.		
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•	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
-	IN AND FOR THE SCUTHERN DISTRICT OF GALIFORN	IA
	GENTRAL DIVISION	
	ORETTA STARVUS STACK,	, !
	Petitioner,	0
	vs. No. 13436	
	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	
	States Parshal,	
	Respondent.	
	AL RICHMOND,	
	Retitioner, • )	
	vs. No. 13437	, .
	JANES J. BOYLE, United	
	States Marshal,	
	Respondent.	:
	PHILIP MARSHALL CONNELLY,	
	Petitioner,	
	vs. No. 13 43	38
	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Harshal,	*,
,	Respondent.	
		2
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1	DOROTHY ROSENBLUM HEALEY,	)
2	Petitioner,	
3 8	Vs.	No. 13439
4	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,	
6	Respondent.	
7	THEST OTTO FOX,	)
8	Petitioner,	
9	vs.	No. 13440
10	JANES J. BOYLE, United . States Marshal,	
11	Respondent.	}
12		)
13	WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN,	) }
14	Petitioner,	) )
15	vs.	No. 13441
16	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,	
18	Respondent	" "
19	CARL RUDE LAMBERT,	}
.20	Petitioner,	
21	vs.	No. 13442
22	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Parsha 1.	
23	/Respondent.	•
24		
25	HENRY STEINBERG,	
26	Petitioner,	
27	<b>vs.</b>	No. 13443
88	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,	
29	Respondent.	
30		
31		

10		
1	OLETA O'CONNOR YATES,	
2	Petitioner,	
3	vs. No. 13444	
4	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	
5	States Larshal,	
6	Respondent.	
7	ROSE CHERNIN KUSNITZ,	,
8	Petitioner,	
9	, vs. No. 13445	0
10	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	110
11	States Marshal,	11
12	Respondent.	12
13	MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE, )	13
14	Petitioner,	14
15	vs. No. 13446	15
16	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	16
17	States Marshal,	17
18	Respondent.	18
19	ALBURT JASON LIMA, )	19
20	Petitioner, }	20
21	vs. No. 13447	21
22	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	22
23	States Parshal,	1
24	Respondent.	23
25		24
26	STIPULATION	26
27		27
28	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED, CONSENTED AND AGREED by and between	
29	the attorneys for petitioners above named and the attorneys for the	28
30	respondent herein that the petitions for writs of habeas corpus	
31		30
32		31
-		32

a joint petition for writ of habeas corpus.

DATED: This 6th day of September, 1951.

/s/ Ben Margolis
Ben Margolis

/s/ Daniel G. Marshall
Daniel G. Marshall

Attorneys for Petitioner Philip Marshall Connelly

MARGOLIS and MCTERNAN

By /s/ Ben Margolis
Ben Margolis

/s/ Leo A. Sullivan

Attorneys for remaining Petitioners

ERNEST A. TOLIN United States Attorney

Ray H. Kinnison
Assistant United States Attorney

Attorneys for Respondent

ORDER:

It is so ordered.

JUDGE of the United States District Cou.

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8	IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF T	HE UNITED STATES
9	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF	CALIFORNIA
10	CENTRAL DIVI	SION
11		
12	LORETTA STARVUS STACK, )	
13	Petitioner,	No. 13436-ВН
14	vs.	
15	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	
16	States Marshal,	
17	Respondent.	
	AL RICHMOND,	1
لعد		No. 13437-BH
20	vs.	
21	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	
22	States Marshal,	
23	Respondent.	
24	FHILIP MARSHALL CONNELLY,	
25	Petitioner,	No. 13438-BH
26	vs.	
27	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	
.58	States Marshal.	
29	Respondent.	
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4 3		the state of the s

	Petitioner,	No	. 1343
vs.	•	}	
JAMES J. BOYLE, Un States Marshal,	ited	}	
	Respondent.		
ERNEST OTTO FOX,		Y	
	Petitioner,	No	. 1344
vs.			
JAMES J. BOYLE, Uni States Marshal,	ited		
	Respondent.		
WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMA	N,		
	Petitioner,	No	. 13441
vs.	}		
JAMES J. BOYLE, Uni States Marshal,	ted	0	
	Respondent.		
CARL RUDE LAMBERT,	}	/	
	Petitioner, }	No.	13442
vs.	}		4
JAMES J. BOYLE, Uni States Marshal,	ted {		
	Respondent.		
HENRY STEINBERG,	}		
	Petitioner,	No.	13443
vs.	}		
JAMES J. BOYLE, Uni States Marshal,	ted		
		., **	

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32.

1	OLETA O'CONNOR YATES,	
2	Petitioner,	No. 13444-BH
3	vs	
4	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,	
5	Respondent.	
7	ROSE CHERNIA KUSNITZ,	
8	Petitioner,	No. 13445-BH
9	vs.	
10	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,	
12	Respondent.	
1	. MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE,	
	Petitioner,	No. 13446-ВН
15	vs.	
	JAMES J. BOYLE, United	
17.	States Marshal,	
18	Respondent.	
19	ALBERT JASON LIMA,	
20	Petitioner, }	No. 13447-BH
21	vs. /	
55	JAMES J. BOYLE, United States Marshal,	
23	Respondent.	N N
24		
25		
26	MEMORANDUM OF	INION
27		
28	The above petitions for wri	ts of habeas corpus were con-
29	solidated for hearing and the sole qu	
30.	termine in each matter is whether the	
31	and by reason thereof petitioners are	unlawfully deprived of their
32	liberty contrary to the provisions of	the Eighth Amendment to the

1 Constitution of the United States.

8.

It appears from the records of this court and the tran
3 script of various proceedings that the question of bail as to some

4 of the petitioners has been before two district judges of this dis
5 trict, one in San Francisco (Judge Goodman), and one in New York

6 (Judge Dimock). (See Cr. file No. 21883 of this district).

Now through these proceedings petitioners seek to have me ignore the record, absolutely strike from my mind the separate rulings by four district judges, and indirectly hold that the bail fixed is excessive and each of seid judges has abused the discretion vested in him.

\$5,000 would be prohibitive, therefore, the court should fix bail in that amount. In other words, petitioners contend that bail should be fixed in accordance with their ability to furnish bail. To follow their argument to a natural conclusion, if they could raise bail in an amount not in excess of \$10, the bail should be so fixed. If such a rule were adopted all prisoners now waiting for trial on bailable offenses would be entitled to have bail fixed in accordance with their respective abilities.

As stated in U. S. ex rel. Rubinstein v. Mulcahy etc., 155 F. (2d) 1002: "The purpose of bail before trial is to insure the presence of the accused when required without the hardship of incarceration before guilt has been proved and while the presumption of innocence is to be given effect." (See also Rule 46(c) F.R.C.P.).

How much should the bail of petitioners be to meet the requirements of the foregoing quotation? The Grand Jury that heard the evidence recommended \$75,000. How can I say that all who have exercised their discretion are wrong because I may or may not agree with them?

When a person is released on bail before trial such per-

son is a calculated risk and the amount of bail resolves itself 1

2 into a matter of judgment. Sometimes the courts are wrong but

fortunately the defendants usually appear. The offenses charged 3

are very serious and the court realizes as a matter of common 4

5 knowledge that those charged with similar and related offenses the

forfeitures have been above average and apprehension after for-6.

feiture has been nil. Should the court ignore these facts?

Perhaps through these proceedings our reviewing courts

can furnish the trial courts with a yardstick to determine the 9 vamount of bail required to assure the presence at the time of

11

trial of the petitioners and others similarly charged. My only

15 hope is that their judgment on such calculated risks may be cor-

rect. 13

14 I have ordered the transcript of the proceedings before 15 Judge Mathes filed as an exhibit in these proceedings, together 16 with the records of the court on the motions for reduction of bail 17 before him in the criminal case, and have admitted in evidence the transcript of the proceedings in Healey et al. v. Boyle, No. 13361 18 19 I have examined such proceedings and have considto No. 13370. 20 ered the same and am unable to conclude that the amount of bail, 21 fixed in each instance is either arbitrary of the result of an 55 abuse of discretion. I further find that such amounts as were 23 fixed are necessary to assure the presence of the petitioners in 24 the further proceedings in the criminal case and for no other pur-25 pose.

26 The procedure followed in these matters is that outlined 27 in the Rubenstein case (155 F. (2d) 1002). The record herein in-28 dicates that such procedure is cumbersome and unnecessarily delays the ultimate disposition of matters that are entitled to expedi-29 30 tious action by the courts.

I make these comments not in criticism of the present. 31. 32 method but rather as an invitiation to our reviewing courts to

provide a more expeditious procedure. With my ruling in this case; five district judges have passed on the reasonableness of the amount of bail. If we are in error petitioners have had to languish in fail to meet the requirements of legal formalism. The petition for writ of habeas corpus in each matter is hereby denied and the petition in each instance is hereby dis-missed. The government is ordered to submit forthwith proposed order of dismissal of said petitions. DATED: This 12th day of September, 1951. /s/ Ben Harrison JUDGE 29. 

-6-

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1 ERNEST A. TOLIN
       United States Attorney
   RAY H. KINNISON
      Assistant U. S. Attorney
      Chief of Criminal Division
   600 Federal Building
   Los Angeles 12, California
Telephone: MAdison 7411
   Attorneys for Respondent
 8
 9
                   IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
               IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
10
                               CENTRAL DIVISION
11
12 LORETTA STARVUS STACK, AL
   RICHMOND, PHILIP MARSHALL
13 CONNELLY, DOROTHY ROSENBLUM
HEALEY, ERNEST OTTO FOX,
14 WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN, CARL
   RUDE LAMBERT, HENRY STEINBERG,
15 OLETA O'CONNOR YATES, ROSE
CHERNIN KUSNITZ, MARY BERNADETTE
                                                Nos . 13436/13447
16 DOYLE; and ALBERT JASON LIMA.
                                            ORDER DENYING PETITIONS FOR
                                            WRITS OF HABRAS CORPUS AND
                                            DISCHARGING ORDERS TO SHOW
17
                          Petitioners.
                                            CAUSE WHY WRITS OF HABEAS
CORPUS SHOULD NOT BE GRANTED
18
19 JAMES J. BOYLE, United
   States Marshal,
20
                          Respondent.
-21
22
         The above-entitled matters came on regularly for hearing on
23 September 6, 1951, before the Honorable Ben Farrison, Judge presid-
24 ing, on Orders to Show Cause Why Writs of Happas Corpus should not
25 be granted, the petitioner Philip Marshall Connolly being represent-
26 ed by his attorneys, Ben Margolis, Esq., and Daniel G. Marshall,
27 Esq. and the remaining petitioners by their attorneys Margolis and
28 McTernan, Esqa., by Ben Margolis, Esq., and the respondent, James
29 J. Boyle, being represented by his counsel, Ernest A. Tolin, Unite!
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30 States Attorney for the Southern District of California, and Ray H.

31 Kinnison, Assistant United States Attorney for the Southern District

32 of California, and A. L. Wirin, Esq., appearing as amicus curiae; the

1 Court having ordered upon the stipulation of the attorneys for the 2 respective parties that the petitions for writs of habeas corpus 3 be consalidated and treated as a joint petition for writ of habeas corpus; and 'the Court having read the petitions for Writs of Habeas 5 Corpus on file, the Return thereto filed by the respondent to said petitions for Writs of Habeas Corpus herein; and the Court finding , 7 that on July 31, 1951, and prior to the hearing herein, a True Bill 8 of indictment was returned in this Court before Judge James M. 9 Carter, by the Grand Jury for the Southern District of California, 10 charging the petitioners and others with conspiracy to commit of-11 fenses against the United States prohibited by Section 2 of the 12 Smith Act, 54 Stat. 671, 18 U.S.C. (1946 ed.) 10, and 18 U.S.C. 3 (1948 ed.) 2385, and said indictment having been ordered filed 14 under Case No. 21883-CD, and on recommendation of said Grand Jury, 15 Judge James M. Carter then set bail for the petitioner William 16 Schneiderman in the amount of \$100,000 and in the amount of \$75,000 17 for the remaining petitioners, and thereafter, on the 7th day of 18 August, 1951, petitioners filed with said Judge James M. Carter a 19 motion to reduce the amount of bail; that the said Judge 20 Carter on August 29, 1951 disqualified himself from any further 21 proceedings in the prosecution of the petitioners herein including 22 proceedings on bail; that the said proceedings were then assigned 23 by Chief Judge Paul J. McCormick to Judge William C. Mathes and the 24 aforesaid motions to reduce bail came on for hearing before the said 25 Judge William C. Mathes, and following a full hearing on said motions 26 Judge William C. Mathes on August 30; 1951 did reduce the amount of 27 bail for each of the petitioners to \$50,000, and the Court having 28 taken testimony on the petition hepein and having heard arguments; 29 and the Court being fully advised in the premises, and it appearing 30 to the satisfaction of the Court, and the Court finding for the 31 reasons aforesaid that the relief prayed for in the aforesaid peti-32 tions for Writs of Habeas Corpus should not be granted, that the

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1 orders to show cause why the petitions for writ of habeas corpus.
 2 should not be granted should be discharged, and that said Petitions
 3 for Writs of Habeas Corpus should be denied, and said cause having
 4 been submitted to the Court for decision:
        IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the aforesaid
 6 Petitions for Writs of Habeas Corpus heretofore filed in t's above
 7 entitled matters be, and the same hereby are, denied; and
        IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the aforesaid
 9 Orders to show Cause why the Petitions for Writs should not be
10 granted be, and the same hereby, are discharged.
11
        DATED: This 12th day of September, 1951.
12
13
                                          s/ Ben Harrison
                                          United States District Judge
14
Received copy of the within 15 Order Denying Petitions for
  Writs of Habeas Corpus, Dis-
16 charging Orders to Show Cause,
and Dismissing Writ of Habeas
17 Corpus this 12th day of Septem-
   ber, 1951, and approved as to
18 form.
19
20
       Ben Margolis
21
22
       Daniel G. Marshall
23
   Attorneys for Petitioner Philip
24
       Marshall Connelly
25 MARGOLIS and McTERNAN
26
27
       Ben Margolis
28 Attorneys for remaining Petitioners
29
30
31
```

Margolis and McTernan 112 West Ninth Street 1 Ben Margolis 112 West Ninth Street Los Angeles 15, California Los Angeles 15, California VAndike 7153 VAndike 7153 3 and and Leo A. Sullivan Daniel G. Marshall 4 458 South Spring Street 1440 Broadway Street Oakland, California Los Angeles 13, California 5 TRinity 6011 Hightower 4-1707 6 Attorneys for Petitioner-Attorneys for remaining Appellant Philip Marshall Connelly Petitioners-Appellants 7 8 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA. 9 CENTRAL DIVISION 10 11 LORETTA STARVUS STACK, AL 12 RICHMOND, PHILIP MARSHALL CONNELLY, DOROTHY ROSENBLUM 13 HEALEY, ERNEST OTTO FOX, WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN, CARL RUDE LAMBERT, HENRY STEINBERG, OLETA O'CONNOR YATES, ROSE CHERNIN KUSNITZ, MARY BERNADETTE DOYLE and ALBERT JASON LIMA, 14 15 Nos, 13436/13447 16 Petitioners-Appellants, NOTICE OF APPEAL 17 18 JAMES J. BOYLE, United States 19 Marshal, 20 Respondent. 21 22 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the petitioners-appellants 23 above named hereby appeal to the United States Court of Appeals 24 for the Ninth Circuit from the order denying the petitions for 25 26 writs of habeas corpus herein and discharging the orders to show cause why the petitions for writs should not be granted, 27 made and entered in this action by the United States Dietrict 28 Court, Honorable Ben Harrison, Judge Presiding, on the 6th day 29

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of September, 1951.

DATED:

This 12th day of September, 1951.

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2	/s/ Ben Margolis
3	Ben Margolis
4	/s/ Daniel G. Marshall Daniel G. Marshall
5	Attorneys for Petitioner-Appellant Philip Marshall Connelly
7	MARGOLIS and McTERNAN
8	By /s/ Ben Margolis
	Ben Margolis
9	/s/ Leo A. Sullivan
10	Leo A. Sullivan
11	Attorneys for remaining Petitione Appellants
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BEN MARGOLIS 1 MARGOLIS and MCTERNAN 112 West Ninth Street 112 West Ninth Street Los Angeles 15, California 2 Los Angeles 15, California VAndike 7153 VAndike 7153 3 and DANIEL G. MARSHALL LEO A. SULLIVAN 1440 Broadway Street Oakland, California Hightower 4-1707 4. 458 South.Spring Street Los Angeles 13, California TRinity 6011 5 6 Attorneys for Petitioner Attorneys for remaining. Philip Marshall Connelly Petitioners 7 8 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 9 10 CENTRAL DIVISION . LORETTA STARVUS STACK, AL RICHMOND, PHILIP MARSHALL, CONNELLY, DOROTHY ROSENBLUM 11 12 HEALEY, ERNEST OTTO FOX,
WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN, CARL
RUDE LAMBERT, HENRY STEINBERG,
OLETA O'CONNOR YATES, ROSE
CHERNIN KUSNITZ, MARY BERNADETTE
DOYLE and ALBERT JASON LIMA, 13 Nos. 13436/13447 14 DESIGNATION OF RECORD 15 16 Petitioners. 17 JAMES J. BOYLE, United 18: States Marshal, 19 Respondent. 20 21 TO THE CLERK OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE 22 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, CENTRAL DIVISION: 23 ERNEST A. TOLIN. UNITED STATES ATTORNEY FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA: .24 25 The petitioners above named designate for inclusion in the 26 record on appeal herein a complete record of all the proceedings and evidence in the above entitled causes including the petitions 27 for writs of habeas corpus, the orders to show cause, the stipula-28 tion and order treating the petitions as a joint petition for writ 29 of habsas corpus, the return of the respondent, the reporter's 30 transcript of hearing on September 6, 1951, the order denying the petitions and discharging the orders to show c use, the notice of

appeal, this designation of the record and any stipulations between the parties relative to the record on appeal herein or 3 the argument of the appeal. D/TED: September 12, 1951. Ben Margolis /s/ Daniel G. Marshall Daniel G. Marshall Attorneys for Petitioner Philip Marshall Connelly MARGOLIS and McTERNAN /s/ Ben Margolis Ben Margolis /s/ Leo A. Sullivan Leo. A. Sullivan Attorneys for remaining Petitione: Agreed to: /s/ Ernest A. Tolin United States Attorney 

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